

WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
MATERIALS CONTROL, SOILS AND TESTING DIVISION

MATERIALS PROCEDURE

INSPECTION AND ACCEPTANCE PROCEDURES
FOR PRECAST CONCRETE PRODUCTS

1. PURPOSE

- 1.1. To set forth procedures for the inspection and acceptance of precast concrete products, including inlets, manholes, box culverts, 3-sided bridge units, retaining wall panels, headwalls, wingwalls, lagging, junction boxes, and any other precast products, and the approval of the plants at which they are fabricated.

2. SCOPE

- 2.1. This procedure will apply to all precast concrete products supplied for use on West Virginia Division of Highways projects and to all precast concrete product fabricators that supply material for use on West Virginia Division of Highways projects.
- 2.2. For prestressed concrete members refer to MP 603.10.40 "Inspection and Acceptance Procedure for Prestressed Concrete Bridge Beams."

3. FABRICATOR APPROVAL

- 3.1. All precast concrete product fabricators (hereafter referred to as the Fabricator) shall be approved by Materials Control Soils and Testing MCS&T Division prior to the start of any work for the WVDOH. If not listed on the WVDOH Approved List of Precast Concrete Fabricators, a Fabricator shall contact MCS&T Division a minimum of six weeks prior to the planned date on which fabrication is to begin to initiate the approval process.
- 3.2. In order for a Fabricator to be approved and listed on the WVDOH Approved List of Precast Concrete Fabricators, they must be NPCA (National Precast Concrete Association) certified, QCAST (American Concrete Pipe Association) Certified, or have an equivalent type of certification.
- 3.2.1. All fabricators must set up their invoicing as an E-Ticket that meets the requirements of Section 109.20.1 of the Standard Specification prior to approval.
- 3.3. The process for approving a Fabricator shall include, but not be limited to, an on-site visit to the fabrication plant by a WVDOH representative from MCS&T Division. During this visit, the WVDOH Quality Assurance (QA) personnel shall inspect the fabrication facility, the Quality Control (QC) lab, and meet with QC and other key personnel from the Fabricator. Component materials which will be used in the fabrication of precast items shall be sampled for testing. Batch scales shall be calibrated in accordance with MP 700.00.30 at a minimum once per year.

- 3.3.1. Sampling and testing of component materials shall be done in accordance with MP 603.02.10. Copies of recent component delivery tickets should be presented on the day of sampling. All component materials must be approved prior to the start of fabrication.
- 3.3.1.1. At the discretion of the MCS&T Director, any Fabricator which does not produce for the WVDOH or Project utilizing WVDOH Specifications for a period of 2 years shall be removed from the Approved Fabricator list. After removal from the approved list, before a Fabricator can again produce for the WVDOH, they must repeat the approval process. Sampling of component materials will not continue when the plant is not listed on the Approved Fabricator list.
- 3.3.2. Personnel from the Fabricator required to be present during the initial on-site visit and meeting between WVDOH and Fabricator shall include representatives from Production and Quality Control. Any questions and concerns regarding WVDOH requirements, including applicable Specifications, Materials Procedure (MP's), Standard Details, and QC/QA Inspections shall be addressed at this meeting.
- 3.3.3. The Fabricator must submit the Quality Control Manual/Plan for review at this meeting.
- 3.4. All Concrete Mix Designs which will be used on products fabricated for the WVDOH must be submitted for review & approval, prior to the start of fabrication. Any design mix with an aggregate(s) that has a reactivity classes R1, R2, or R3, as shown as in Approved Aggregates Source List, shall be developed in accordance with WVDOH specifications, subsection 601.3.1.1. If an aggregate Source is not listed on the Approved Aggregates Source List, the Division will test the fine and coarse aggregate from the Source, in accordance with AASHTO T 303, to determine the reactivity class of the aggregate prior to its use on any WVDOH project. The Division will inform the Fabricator of the reactivity class of aggregates that they are proposing to use. If a cement Source and/or a SCM Source are not listed on the Approved Source List, the Division will test cement and/or SCM from that Source prior to its use on any WVDOH project.
- 3.5. The Fabrication Plant QC Personnel, as a minimum, shall be a certified ACI Grade I Concrete Field Testing Technician and/or a WVDOH PCC Inspector. In addition, if Self-Consolidating Concrete (SCC) is used, Fabrication Plant QC Personnel shall be a certified ACI SCC Testing Technician.
- 3.6. All Precast Concrete items shall be accepted by Direct or Master Coverage except when a Fabricator is certified as an Approved Source of concrete lagging as defined in Section 7.

4. FABRICATION & INSPECTION OF PRODUCTS FOR DIRECT & MASTER COVERAGE

- 4.1. Prior to beginning fabrication of any precast concrete products, the Fabricator shall provide written or email notification to MCS&T Division at least one calendar week in advance of the date on which fabrication is to begin.
- 4.1.1. Depending upon the precast items being fabricated, MCS&T Division may choose to monitor fabrication. Fabrication of structurally significant products such as box culverts and 3-sided bridge units shall be monitored. Other items may be monitored at the discretion of MCS&T.

- 4.1.2. After fabrication has begun, the Fabricator shall keep MCS&T Division and the Inspector (whether a WVDOH employee or a contract employee representing the WVDOH) informed in advance of the days on which fabrication will take place.
- 4.2. Shop Drawings must be approved by the West Virginia Division of Highways prior to the start of any work by the Fabricator. The Inspector must have a copy of these approved shop drawings prior to start of any work by the Fabricator.
- 4.3. Concrete cylinders shall be made for compressive strength testing with 4-inch by 8-inch molds. The cylinders are to be cured in the same area as the products for which they represent (Field Cured as outlined in AASHTO R100) until tested to create a curing environment similar to the product that they represent. A compressive strength test shall consist of the average result of a set of cylinders, which is at least two cylinders. Form removal for wet cast concrete is not permitted until concrete has reached 50% of the design strength, unless otherwise specified. If forms are stripped from box culverts at 50% of the design strength, another curing method from section 601.12, or ASTM C1577 must be used until 70% of the design strength is obtained. Form removal limitations do not apply to elements fabricated with dry cast concrete. Dry cast concrete is defined as concrete with a slump less than 1-inch.
 - 4.3.1. For both conventional wet cast concrete and SCC mixes, a minimum of one set of compressive strength cylinders shall be fabricated from every 7 cubic yards of concrete, or fraction thereof, with a minimum of one set per day per mix design. Both the form removal strength and the 28-day strength must be confirmed by a set of cylinders. Cylinders shall be the same size as those used in the initial approved mix design. For conventional concrete, slump, temperature, and air content tests shall be conducted on the first batch of concrete each day and every time that cylinders are fabricated. For SCC mixes, spread, temperature, and air content tests shall be conducted on every batch. For all types of concrete, unit weight and yield tests shall be conducted on the first batch of concrete each day and thereafter as deemed necessary by Quality Control and Quality Assurance Personnel.
 - 4.3.2. For dry cast mixes, the 28-day strength shall be confirmed by a set of compressive strength cylinders. Compressive strength testing for form removal is not required for dry cast mixes. A minimum of one set of 28-day compressive strength cylinders shall be fabricated from every 20 cubic yards of concrete, or fraction thereof, with a minimum of one set per day per mix design. The cylinders are to be fabricated in the molds on the vibration table in accordance with ASTM C497. For dry cast mixes, slump testing is not required, and concrete temperature testing shall be performed on the first batch of concrete each day and every time that cylinders are fabricated.
- 4.4. For precast manholes fabricated with wet cast and SCC mixes, absorption tests are to be conducted in accordance with ASTM C642. Tests should be conducted on a weekly basis for each mix design used, at a minimum, unless otherwise specified.
- 4.5. For precast products fabricated with dry cast mixes, absorption tests are to be conducted in accordance with ASTM C642, and tests should be conducted on a weekly basis for each mix design used. The maximum allowable absorption shall be 9%.
- 4.6. Unless otherwise specified, for conventional wet cast and SCC mixes, plastic concrete shall have an air content measured at $7.0 \pm 2.0\%$. For dry cast concrete, the air content test requirement is waived.

- 4.6.1. Prior to the use of Self-Consolidating Concrete in precast items, all mix designs must be submitted to MCS&T for approval and meet the requirements of the following table. Test results from trial batches produced by the laboratory which designed it shall be included in the submittal. The compressive strength of the design mix shall be at least 15% above the specified design strength.

Table 4.6.1 - SCC Mix Design Acceptance

Fresh Property	Mix Design Batch Acceptance Criteria
Air Content	7.0± 1.5%
Spread (ASTM C1611)	Target ± 1.5 inches 2 seconds ≤ T_{50} ≤ 7 seconds Visual Stability Index ≤ 1.0
Passing Ability (ASTM C1621)	J-Ring Value ≤ 1 inch
Segregation Resistance (ASTM C1610)	Segregation ≤ 12%
Unit Weight and Yield	±2% of Theoretical

- 4.6.2. The following table lists the criteria for SCC production.

Table 4.6.2 - SCC Production Acceptance

Fresh Property	Production Acceptance Criteria
Air Content	7.0± 2.0%
Spread (ASTM C1611)	Target ± 2 inches 2 seconds ≤ T ≤ 7 seconds Visual Stability Index ≤ 1.0
Concrete Temperature	<90°F
Unit Weight and Yield	±2% of Theoretical

- 4.6.3. SCC should only be given minimal vibration; and shall not be dropped from a distance greater than 4 feet relative to the top of the form.
- 4.6.4. Precast products fabricated with dry cast concrete shall be limited to a maximum wall thickness of 12 inches when single sided vibration is used and 18 inches when double sided vibration is used.

5. FINAL INSPECTION

- 5.1. After fabrication is completed and prior to shipment, the precast items will be stored on dunnage. The Fabricator shall provide MCS&T Division with a written or email request for final inspection a minimum of 5 business days prior to the desired date of inspection. Effective communication from the Fabricator to MCS&T Division and Consultant Inspection Agency is the key to avoiding any scheduling conflicts regarding final inspection.

- 5.2. At the final inspection, the fabricator shall provide the inspector with documentation of required data pertinent to the product(s) being produced. Attached to this document is a sample inspection sheet to be used as a guide for presenting this information. This documentation is also available on the [MCS&T Division Website](#)¹.
- 5.2.1. For the final inspection, the Inspector may witness compressive strength tests if required, inspect repairs as needed, and conduct a thorough visual examination of each member. A copy of the Inspector's daily reports, a copy of the final inspection report, and all other pertinent information provided to the Inspector by the Fabricator shall be kept on file by MCS&T Division.
- 5.2.2. For box culverts, trial fitting of adjacent pieces, prior to shipping, will be required as part of the final inspection process. Each adjacent box culvert will be trial fitted in pairs horizontally or vertically; the gaps between each pair will be measured. Dunnage will be placed on a smooth level surface below the bottom of the culvert to prevent damage. The maximum gap between the adjacent pieces shall not exceed ½ inch (13 mm), unless otherwise stated in the construction plans.

6. ACCEPTANCE & REJECTION

- 6.1. Upon completion of final inspection, if a precast product meets all specification requirements and does not contain any defects, the Inspector will stamp the precast product as accepted by MCS&T Division and provide a 7-digit Laboratory Reference Number for shipment.
- 6.1.1. Shipping invoices shall document the assigned Laboratory Reference Number, type of material, number of pieces, size, and cast dates. All Division invoicing must be submitted as an E-Ticket to the project that meets the requirements of Section 109.20.1 of the Specifications.
- 6.2. If, however, the precast product does not meet all specification requirements due to damage, defect, or dimensional tolerance, the product must be further evaluated before potential acceptance by the MCS&T Division as described in the following subsections.
- 6.2.1. Minor defects may be repaired in accordance with the pre-approved repair procedures which should be incorporated within the Fabricator QC Plan. Cracks 4 mils or less shall be sealed by silane; and cracks between 4 mils and 16 mils shall be repaired by epoxy injection in accordance with Section 603.10.2. Any crack exceeding 16 mils shall be considered a major defect and the item shall be rejected by MCS&T. If repairs have been approved, and appear satisfactory and all other specifications are met, the Inspector shall stamp the product as approved for shipment and issue a 7-digit Laboratory Reference Number for acceptance.
- 6.2.2. Major defects shall include dimensions that exceed tolerances, failure to reach required compressive strength, cracks greater than 16 mils, and any defect that could be considered structural. Lagging dimensions shall be within $\pm \frac{1}{4}$ " from the specified dimension, and all other items must meet relevant tolerances in AASHTO and ASTM Standards. Items with major defects shall be rejected by MCS&T Division, and a 7-digit Laboratory Reference Number will be assigned documenting MCS&T Division's

¹ <https://transportation.wv.gov/highways/mcst/Pages/WVDOH-Materials-Procedures.aspx>

- rejection. When items are load bearing, they shall be evaluated by the Designer for structural adequacy and then may be accepted by DMIR, pending concurrence by the District, and or the Engineer of Record. If a product is approved for repair, and if repairs appear satisfactory, the Inspector shall proceed with a final shipping inspection of the piece. Any items found to be not acceptable by the Engineer of Record, Designer, or the District/Division; shall be rejected by the Division.
- 6.2.3. When an item does not achieve the specified 28-day compressive strength prior to shipment, and if it is accepted by a DMIR, the following formula for the price adjustment shall be used in the DMIR, plus any administrative fee.

f'_c – 28 Day Compressive Strength (psi)
 $\bar{X}$ – Average 28 – day Compressive Strength (psi)
IC - The invoiced cost of the precast item only.

Formula 1 (Constructed by Contractor)

$$\text{Price Reduction} = \left[\frac{f'_c - \bar{X}}{.5 f'_c} \right] \times 40\% \text{ Unit Bid Price}$$

Formula 2 (Constructed by Division)

$$\text{Price Reduction} = \left[\frac{f'_c - \bar{X}}{.5 f'_c} \right] \times \text{IC}$$

7. **PROCEDURE FOR APPROVED SOURCE OF PRECAST CONCRETE LAGGING**

- 7.1. Precast concrete Fabricators may be classified as an Approved Source of precast concrete lagging if they have met the requirements of Section 3 and are producing lagging which is made in accordance with the relevant WVDOT Standard Details. Once classified as an Approved Source of precast concrete lagging, an Approved Source Lab Number will be assigned to the Fabricator for material tracking.
- 7.2. MCS&T Division may perform regular quality assurance inspections prior to shipment and/or, monitor fabrication of lagging from a Fabricator that is an Approved Source. The Approved Source Lab Number shall be noted on all shipping documents from the fabricator, and material coverage will be requested under the assigned Approved Source Lab Number. All relevant concrete test data, component material information, QC inspection data, and shipping information shall be kept on file at the Fabricator for the last three years of fabrication and shall be available upon request by the Division. Failure to produce requested documentation may result in revocation of the Fabricator's Approved Source certification status.
- 7.3. Approved Sources will be evaluated by the Division by random audits. Audits will be conducted on the material that is available to the Inspector at the time of the audit. All documentation and records for the pieces must be made available to the Inspector on the day of the audit and must be complete, current, and accurate. Failure to produce records shall be a cause for decertification.

- 7.3.1. All shipping documentation, concrete test data, and component material certifications shall be made available to the Inspector for review. These documents shall include all documents from material that has been shipped to state projects since the last audit. If data indicates that any material did not conform to this MP, the applicable Specifications, or Standard Detail; and was used in a state project, then the Fabricator will be de-certified as an Approved Source of precast concrete lagging.
- 7.3.2. In addition to documentation, the audit will consist of fabrication monitoring, test observance, and a visual inspection of material that is stocked for shipping on the day of the audit.
- 7.3.2.1. Each material test monitored during the audit must be performed in accordance with the applicable Standards and Specifications. Visual inspection of stocked material will include quality checks of surface finish for cracks, spalls, and other surface blemishes after all repairs have been performed and dimensional checks. The material shall be properly stored to avoid handling damage and be accessible to the Inspector. Audits shall be graded on a point system deducted from 100 and weighted based on the Non-Conformance Points found per Table 7.3. A minimum score of 75 shall be considered passing.

TABLE 7.3

Audit Category	Non-Conformance Points
Material Test Data Review	10 (per error)
Component Material Certification Review	10 (per error)
Shipping Documentation	10 (per error)
Stocked Material Visual Inspection	15 (per defect)
Dimension Check	20 (per error)
Test Performance Check	15 (per Test)

- 7.4. When a Fabricator, which is an Approved Source, fails an audit, the Fabricator must submit a written corrective action plan to bring their QC program back into compliance with this MP and corresponding Specifications during a probationary period of one month during which time the fabricator must prove they have fulfilled the corrective actions they submitted before supplying the material again. If the Fabricator fails to bring their material back into compliance within the probationary period, the Approved Source status will be revoked for a minimum of one year from the date of the end of the probationary period, or until the Fabricator has corrected the nonconformances listed during the failed audit. Two failing audits in a year shall result in revocation of the Fabricator's Approved Source status for one year from the date of the last failed audit. Any evidence of document falsification shall result in immediate loss of Approved Source status, and removal from the Approved List of Concrete Fabricators for a minimum 2 years. Depending on the severity and the legality of the falsified documents the removal may be permanent. If severity warrants, the case may be referred to the Department of Justice.

- 7.5. Non-Conforming material received by WVDOH projects and reported to MCS&T shall result in an immediate failing audit and will require the Fabricator to submit corrective actions. If the Fabricator fails the subsequent audit, it will result in the loss of their Approved Source status.

Michael A. Mance, P.E.
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Materials Control, Soils and Testing Division

MP 604.02.40 Steward – Cement and Concrete Section
MM:T
ATTACHMENT

**PRECAST CONCRETE PRODUCTS
WV DOT DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS MCS&T DIVISION**

SAMPLE FABRICATION CHECKLIST

Preliminary Verifications

NPCA (National Precast Concrete Association) Certification _____

CONCRETE COMPONENTS

Mix Design Lab # (if applicable): _____

Cement Source: _____

Fly Ash Source: _____

Coarse Aggregate Source 1: _____

Coarse Aggregate Source 2: _____

Cement Type: _____

Approved/Tested: _____

Fly Ash Type: _____

Approved/Tested: _____

Coarse Aggregate 1: _____

Approved/Tested: _____

Coarse Aggregate 2: _____

Approved/Tested: _____

Fine Aggregate 1: _____

Approved/Tested: _____

Fine Aggregate 2: _____

Approved/Tested: _____

Batch Water Source: _____

Approved/Tested: _____

Admixtures: _____

STEEL COMPONENTS

Reinforcement: Supplier(s): _____

Description: _____ Lab Number: _____

Description: _____ Lab Number: _____

Description: _____ Lab Number: _____

Inserts: Supplier(s): _____

Description: _____ Lab Number: _____

SHIPLOOSE MATERIAL

Grates: Fabricator: _____

Mill Certs.: _____ Galvanize Cert.: _____ Lab Number: _____

Mastic: Fabricator: _____

Inspected at: _____ Lab Number: _____

SHOP DRAWING REVIEW

Approval Date: _____ Approved By: _____

PRECAST CONCRETE PRODUCTS WVDOT DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS MCS&T DIVISION SAMPLE FABRICATION CHECKLIST

Preliminary Verifications

POST POUR WORK

Repairs: _____ Approved Repair Procedures: _____

Approved by: _____ Approval Date: _____

Repair Witnessed: _____

[illegible]

Sample Form Inspection (Pre-Placement of Concrete)

Product Type (s)				
Criteria	Design Dimension	Tolerance (±)	Actual Measurement	Within Tolerance
Fill in Form Information (if applicable)				
Height of Product (ft-inch)				
Depth of form (ft-inch)				
Inside Width of form (inch)				
Outside Width of form (inch)				
Inside Length of form (inch)				
Outside Length of form (inch)				
Wall Thickness (inch)				
Forms Square and Level (✓)				
Skew dimensions [if applicable (ft-inch)]				
Locations of inserts, sleeves, block outs, etc. (✓)				

Product Type(s)		Form Properly sealed at joints & edges (✓)	
Framework Constructed of metal on concrete foundation (✓)		Form Clean & Free of debris (✓)	
Form dimensionally correct (✓)		Release Agent applied (✓)	
Other Information:			

Reinforcing Steel	
Reinforcing Steel (Condition)	
Fill in steel information (if applicable)	
Size & Grade	
Location & Lapping Length (✓)	
Spacing and Clearances (✓)	
Chairs, Spacers properly used	

Sample Concrete Placement & Curing

Quality Control Concrete Testing			
Concrete Truck Arrival Time		Concrete Truck Departure Time	
Concrete Temp		Ambient Temp, Weather Conditions	
Slump/Spread (inch)		Air Content (%)	
QC Tests performed per Specifications & Passing		Number & diameter (inch) of Cylinders	
Comments:			

Placement of Concrete			
Lift	Start Time	Completion Time	Vibrated (External/Internal/Both)
1 st			
2 nd			
3 rd			
4 th			
Placement of Concrete Completion Time			
Comments:			

Curing/Finishing of Concrete	
Top Surface Finished Per Specification	
Lifting loops/inserts accessible	
Product Curing Location (Inside/Outside)	
Product Covered & Heat Applied (Time Start & Time Finished)	
Heat Sensors Installed (√)	
Compressive Strength Cylinders Stored with Product under Curing/Normal Environment (√)	
Compressive Strength Test Conducted when curing was discontinued (√)	
Comments:	

Sample Concrete Post Pour Product Inspection

Product	
Visual Inspection for Damage (√)	
Notes (Size & Location of cracks, spalls, honeycomb, etc.)	
Products in Need of Repair (√)	
Repair Method Approved (√)	
Comments:	

Product Type (s)				
Criteria	Design Dimension	Tolerance (±)	Actual Measurement	Within Tolerance
Fill in Form Information (if applicable)				
Height of Product (ft-inch)				
Inside Width of product (inch)				
Outside Width of product (inch)				
Inside Length of product (inch)				
Outside Length of product (inch)				
Wall Thickness (inch)				
Product Square and Level (√)				
Skew dimensions [if applicable (ft-inch)]				
Locations of inserts, sleeves, block outs, etc. (√)				

Product	
Dimensional Tolerances Met? (yes or no)	
Heights (yes or no)	
Widths (yes or no)	
Depths (yes or no)	
Wall Thickness(es) (yes or no)	
Inserts, sleeves, lifting points, etc. (yes or no)	
All Concrete Finishes per specification (yes or no)	
Product properly transported (yes or no)	
Product stored on proper dunnage (yes or no)	
Design Shipping Strength met (yes or no)	

Repairs Satisfactory (yes or no)	
Product Stamped for Final Inspection (yes or no)	
Comments:	

Sample Inspection Sheet

Inspection Date_____ **QC Personnel**_____ **QC Signature**_____

Fabricator_____ **Location**_____

Project Name_____ **WV State Project #**_____ **Federal Project #**_____

Authorization #_____ **Inspection done by**_____
Steel Reinforcement

Reinforcement Supplier _____

Description_____ **Approved Lab #**_____

Description_____ **Approved Lab #**_____

Description_____ **Approved Lab #**_____

Product Description	Quantity	Date Cast	Slump/Spread (inch)	Air Content (%)	Design Strength (psi)	Cylinder Breaks (psi)	Date Of Break	Absorption (%)
Type “D” inlet								
Type “G” inlet								
36-inch Manhole (base, riser, top)								
48-inch Manhole (base, riser, top)								
10’0”x 12’0” Box Culvert								NA
Lagging 8”x24”x54”								NA
Type A Reinforced Panel								NA
6’0” Coping								NA
24-inch Wing wall								